

What is claimed is:

1. A field condensing sensor device, comprising:  
a telescope optical system having an input encompassing a first field of view and  
an output that is magnified by less than one in at least a first plane;  
a filter positioned to receive light output by said telescope optical system; and  
5 a detector positioned to receive light passed by said filter.
2. The device of Claim 1, wherein said telescope optical system comprises an  
anamorphic telescope, wherein light received at an angle to an axis of said telescope with  
respect to said first plane is magnified by an amount of less than one, and wherein light  
received at an angle to an axis of said telescope with respect to a second plane is not  
5 magnified.
3. The device of Claim 2, wherein said first plane is substantially  
perpendicular to said second plane.
4. The device of Claim 1, wherein said first field of view is about four  
degrees, wherein light collected from within said field of view has a maximum angle of  
incidence with respect to said filter of no more than one degree in said at least a first  
plane.
5. The device of Claim 1, wherein said magnification in said at least a first  
plane is no more than 0.25.

6. The device of Claim 1, wherein said first field of view is about ten degrees, and wherein light collected from within said field of view has a maximum angle of incidence with respect to said filter of no more than one degree in said at least a first plane.

7. The device of Claim 1, wherein said magnification in said at least a first plane is no more than 0.1.

8. The device of Claim 1, wherein said telescope optical system provides a first magnification with respect to any ray within said first field of view.

9. The device of Claim 1, wherein said filter comprises at least a first optical cavity.

10. The device of Claim 9, wherein said at least a first optical cavity comprises a material having a high index of refraction.

11. The device of Claim 10, wherein a maximum angle of incidence of light collected from within said first field of view that is incident on said filter is no more than one degree in said at least a first plane, and wherein a maximum angle of said light collected from within said first field of view within said optical cavity is less than 0.2  
5 degree.

12. The device of Claim 10, wherein said at least a first optical cavity comprises Germanium.
13. The device of Claim 9, wherein said at least a first optical cavity is provided as part of an etalon.
14. The device of Claim 1, wherein said filter comprises a plurality of optical cavities.
15. The device of Claim 14, wherein said filter comprises at least a first thin layer reflector stack.
16. The device of Claim 1, further comprising a cold stop.

17. A method for remotely sensing atmospheric trace gas, comprising:  
collecting light from within a first field of view;  
magnifying said collected light in at least a first plane by a magnification factor  
that is less than one; and  
5 filtering said light magnified in said at least a first plane in a filter having an  
optical cavity.

18. The method of Claim 17, further comprising:  
measuring an intensity of said filtered light.

19. The method of Claim 17, wherein filtering said light comprises passing  
wavelengths of said magnified light corresponding to spectral lines of absorption of an  
atmospheric gas.

20. The method of Claim 19, further comprising:  
measuring an intensity of said filtered light; and  
correlating said measured intensity to a concentration of said atmospheric gas  
within at least a portion of said first field of view.

21. The method of Claim 19, wherein filtering said light further comprises  
attenuating wavelengths of said magnified light outside of a first range of wavelengths.

22. The method of Claim 17, further comprising:  
magnifying said collected light in a second plane by a magnification factor that is less than one.
23. The method of Claim 22, wherein said magnification factor in said first plane is equal to said magnification factor in said second plane.
24. The method of Claim 17, further comprising:  
passing at least one of said collected light and said light magnified in at least a first plane through a cold stop.
25. The method of Claim 17, wherein said filter comprises a Fabry-Perot interferometer.

26. A system for remotely sensing atmospheric trace gas, comprising:  
means for condensing a field angle of light collected from within a first field of view within at least a first plane; and  
means for filtering said light having a condensed field angle.

27. The system of Claim 26, wherein said means for condensing further functions to condense a field angle of light collected from within said first field of view within a second plane that is perpendicular to said first plane.

28. The system of Claim 26, wherein said means for filtering comprises optical cavity means including an optical cavity having a high index of refraction.

29. The system of Claim 26, wherein said first field of view is greater than about 4 degrees.

30. The system of Claim 26, further comprising:  
means for measuring an intensity of said filtered light.

31. The system of Claim 26, further comprising:  
means for blocking unwanted background radiation.